

R

BRITISH MALAYA

rpt July 8, 1943

BOSE, SUBHAS CHANDRA

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FCC, Daily Report, July 9, 1943

1112981

R

rpt July 8, 1943

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(11398)

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FCC, Daily Report, July 9, 1943

(11098)

R

BRITISH MALAYA

rpt July 9, 1943

BOSE, SUBHAS CHANDRA

In the future will be called 'Nathaji', which means leader.

Tokyo radio, July 9, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, July 10, 1943

9113981

R

BRITISH MALAYA

also JAPAN

July 10, 1943

BOSE, SUBHAS CHANDRA

Was in Singapore July 10 / at this time reiterated that the Provisional Government of Free India has been established in order to bring about the total mobilization of all the resources of Indians residing in Asia by thorough organization / is President of the Indian Independence League of East Asia

Tokyo radio, July 10, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, July 12, 1943

(11098)

CD

S-3

BRITISH MALAYA

rpt July 20, 1943

BOSE, CHANDRA

According to a Japanese broadcast on June 20, 1943, Chandra Bose reached Tokio in a submarine on June 14, coming from Germany; he conferred with TOJO and other high authorities; on June 16 he spoke before an emergency meeting of the Diet and asserted that Japan was India's best friend and was fighting to support her independence / on July 3 Tojo took a plane to Bangkok and he published a joint statement with the Premier of Thailand in which it was announced that Manipal and Chintung Provinces of Burma, and four chow of Malaya had been ceded to Thailand (which owned them originally); on July 5 Tojo was in Singapore; on July 8 the League formed an Indian National Army with Chandra Bose in command; Bose then announced a Free Provisional Government for India.

OSS #20087, Chungking, July 20, 1943

1117921

CD

S-3

JAPAN

rpt July 28, 1943

BOSE, CHANDRA

Had conversations with Hitler, von RIBBENTROP (GERMANY) and Mussolini before he set out for Asia; it was made clear that he was to be their representative in the Free India movement; Berlin rumors claim that a definite agreement has been reached among Germany, Italy, and Japan to the effect that Japan has been granted a leading role in India; the Nazis are well aware that the Indian people have no national patriotism, but they hope, just the same, that Chandra Bose will be able to embarrass the British.

Report by the Hungarians, from Berlin
OSS #20385, Stockholm, July 28, 1943

1110981

BR FU-189

GERMANY

BOSEDECK, ERNST

(11098)

F

GERMANY

rpt August 30, 1943

BOSSARD, HANS

German citizen through whom a villa on Lake Lucerne, Switzerland, was sold to Joachim von RIBBENTROP recently.

Ny Dag, Swedish Communist newspaper
New York Times, August 30, 1943, p. 2 .

(11398)

BR FU-478

C

GERMANY

BOSSE, HANS

(110981)

GERMANY

rpt March (?) 1943

BOSSY, RACUL

Rumanian Minister to Germany since March 19, 1941 and to Denmark since October 28, 1941.

Almanach de Gotha, 1943

(11098)

0-4880

S-1

GERMANY

rpt April 15, 1943

BOSSY

Rumanian envcy to Berlin / would prefer not to return to Berlin and requests that a successor be appointed there; however all persons consulted so far by the Government, including General POTOPEANU (RUMANIA), have refused this appointment.

Reliability unknown

B, Istanbul, April 15, 1943

(11 398)

A 533-822

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

~~rpt Nov. 3~~, 1942
Oct. 24

BOTSCH, ~~in~~

General Manager of Schenkers, Berlin / was in Istanbul from Oct. 20 to 24, 1942, especially to obtain the order for the transport of Turkish chrome ore to Germany and the compensatory war materials from Krupp, Essen, to Turkey; ~~he~~ he obtained the orders but no details have yet been settled except that 45,000 tons of chrome ore are to be delivered in January or February 1943.

B, November 3, 1942

CD

S-3

GERMANY

August 26, 1943

BÖTTCHER

One of many high officers who have recently been executed /
for others see von ARNIM.

OSS #21572, Bern, August 26, 1943

(11598)

BR FU-308

C

GERMANY

BÖTTCHER, PAUL (?)

110861

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

October 30, 1942

GERMANY

BCTZHEIM, Dr. von

On Goebbels' suggestion, Hitler has promoted subject from Oberregierungsrate to Ministerialrate in the Reich Ministry of Propaganda.

Press Survey
Germany, October 30, 1942

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BOUHLER, PHILIPP

Took over some of WIELEMAN's jobs when latter went to U.S.; with Dr. PFANIT and HILDEH, was entrusted with task of eliminating aged and infirm in German hospitals; two SS friends of his, BRACK and zur LINDEN, directed the actual work; in 1940 his ambitious wife tried to make Hitler promise to give her husband the Governorship of Africa, though hen-pecked, Bouhler liked this idea, and it brought him into conflict with BOHLE, who, because he was born in South Africa and had headed Nazi unit there, felt that he was slated to be Governor of that continent; Hitler solved this by saying he needed Bohle as Gauleiter of England.

(90) (SS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 22, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BOUHLER, PHILIPP

In touch with opposition group composed of those former enthusiasts who have lost faith in Hitler, but unaware of the anti-Nazi activities of this group.

Sigrid Schultz - Oct. 13, 1942 - p.18
Dulles - Bowden, OSS, New York
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

CD 19163

S

GERMANY

rpt May 21, 1943

BOUHLER, PHILIPP

Head of the Führer's Civil Cabinet / his prestige is increasing; in a biography of Napoleon which has just been written, he had the help of HITLER / is the bitterest enemy of BORMANN.

Reliable source

#3115

OSS (State Department), Bern, May 21, 1943

(11398)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BOUHLER, FRAU PHILIPP

One of half a dozen ranking ladies competing for Hitler's favor; for others, see Frau Robert Ley.

Sigrid Schultz - Oct. 13, 1942 - p. 19
Dulles - Bowden, New York, OSS
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BOUHLER, FRAU PHILIPP.

Ambitious for husband (q.v.); tried to persuade Hitler, in 1940, to make him governor of Africa and personally chose Kenya as its capital; boasted of helping Hitler make his plans.

Schultz - October 22, 1942
OSS, New York
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

11/11

GERMANY

BOURRET, GENERAL

One of the five-star generals (French) imprisoned in
Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list see
document B-550.

Interview with Michael Bernin
March 23, 1942

January 1, 1943

GERMANY

BRABAEENDER, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

110981

November 1, 1942

GERMANY

BRACHER, Colonel Dr.

His promotion to Colonel effective
November 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung
State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 8, 1942

(11098)

December 4, 1942

GERMANY

BRACHT, Gauleiter

Denounced rumors before the Beuthen
NSDAP.

Oberschlesiene Zeitung, December 4, 1942
European Press Intelligence, Propaganda Analysis Section,
December 26, 1942

(11098)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BRACK

Member of SS; friend of BOUHLER's, and picked by him along with ZUR LINDE to direct the actual work of eliminating aged and infirm from German hospitals.

Sigrid Schultz, October 22, 1942

OSS, New York

(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

BR FU-809

C

GERMANY

BRACKEL, MAX FERDINAND von

(11098)

0-2377

GERMANY

August 12, 1942

'BRADYNE'

Greek agent working for the Press Bureau of the German Ministry of Foreign Affairs; writer of a report dated August 12, 1942 which is translated in full in document; the report says:

Berlin correspondent of the Athens newspaper Bradyne; has continued to hold this post since a time previous to the interruption of telegraphic communications between Berlin and Greece [i.e., ^{before} since March 1941] / is the sole Greek newspaper correspondent in Berlin; makes up extracts of European news in Greek, by order of the Press Bureau of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs (European Reports Section), which are sent to all the Greek press and published under his name / in accordance with instructions received, submits present report as an account of the impressions gathered during his last official tour of Greece; refers to remarks made

OVER

(11098)

GERMANY

rpt December 23, 1941

BRAGARD, ALFRED

On December 23, 1941, wrote an article on the Coordinator of Information's Office and Col. Donovan which appeared in the Münchener Neueste Nachrichten; it described the COI as being the greatest espionage and sabotage organization bureau in the world.

Press Survey Files, Special Articles Folder.

110981

F

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

BRAKERS, Maj. General.

His promotion from colonel was effective April 1, 1943.

State Department plain cable, Bern, April 30, 1943.

(11098)

R

GERMANY

rpt April 24, 1943

BRAN, Dr. FRITZ

Of the Franco-German Committee on War Prisoners.

Nouveaux Temps, April 24, 1943

MIS, Washington, May 17, 1943

(11098).

0-2377

GERMANY

August 12, 1942

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OVER

(11098)

GREECE

- 2 -
'BRADYNE'

August 12, 1942
O-2377

to him by Dr. LOGOTHETOPOULOS and Dr. SWERBEL (GREECE); closes with the plea that his attempt has been to describe the true situation in Greece, in order to 'serve both my country, which today is suffering and is so uneasy about the future, and Germany, the country which in the course of the last thirty years has become very dear to me'.

B, January 3, 1943

11068

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt August 27, 1942

BRANDES

Former Chairman of the German Metal Workers' Union / during first years of Nazi regime, he and other members of Union were arrested several times.

Hagen, August 27, 1942, p.11

CR

C

rpt December 24, 1942

GERMANY

BRANDIES, ANNA

Address: Argentinische Alle 99, Berlin-Zehlendorf / writes
to Jack VESS (UNITED STATES) using Else K^uLLMER (CHILE) as
intermediary.

TRI 21162/42, December 18 to 24, 1942

(11098)

Approved For Release 2010/12/03 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000150013-2

Approved For Release 2010/12/03 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000150013-2

12098

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BRANLT, DR.

His appointment as health dictator is one of the few appointments of SS men to high positions which has attracted any attention abroad.

"Hitler's Generals" by Dr. Rudolph Katz
OSS, New York, Osborne - Hoover, Oct. 29, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BLAND (also BRANT)
(SS)

Elite Guard Leader / recently appointed health dictator and final authority on all health matters / one of many recent appointments of SS men to high positions.

Associated Press from London, Dec. 11, 1942
New York Times, Dec. 12, 1942

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BRANDT, DR.

Personally directed by Hitler to take over elimination of aged and infirm in German hospitals; HIMMLER and BOUHLER were also entrusted with task.

Sigrid Schultz, October 22, 1942
OSS, New York
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

A-39

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BRANDT, DR.

Hitler's personal doctor, on GHQ Staff; see Morelli.

Personalities in Hitler's GHQ
DIE Welt Woche, Berne, 8/1/42

Field

REFERENCE CARD

abt September 18, 1942

GERMANY

BLAU, Dr. KARL

Member of the Elite Guard [SS]
reported to be treating Hitler
for an abdominal ailment.

FCO, 'The Chief', September 18, 1942

(9c)

11679

GERMANY

rpt October 24, 1942

BRANDT, Dr.

Hitler's regular doctor; lives in an apartment house in Chancellory garden which Hitler had built for him and for his bodyguard; this block of flats has a social life all its own; led by subject who is the only tenant with University education; his wife lords it over the other women and friction is terrific; many people try to bribe their way into Chancellory favor via these people; they are all well paid, live above their means, and indulge in orgies and intrigue in imitation of the higherup Nazi officials.

CSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 24, 1942
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

(11-098)

F

GERMANY

c 1934

BRANDY, Geheimrat

Owner with REUSCH (q.v.) and HANIEL of Munchner Neueste Nachrichten; friend of CANARIS.

Eugene Tillinger, Washington Post, August 1, 1943, p. 2B

13-0001

F

GERMANY

rpt July 4, 1943

BRAUCHITSCH, Son of Field Marshal WALTHER von

Has been arrested with several army officers for spreading the contents of a letter in which Field Marshal von BRAUCHITSCH bitterly criticized the German High Command for its planning and conduct of military operations.

Göteborg Handels Tidning, July 4, 1943
New York Times, July 5, 1943, p. 16

(1129c)

BR-14

REFERENCE CARD

1940

GERMANY

BRANCFITSCH, HEINRICH ALFRED HERMANN WALTHER von

Biographical sketch.

Current Biography, 1940

GERMANY

December 21, 1941

BRAUCHITSCH

Resigned 'owing to a serious heart illness' / on December 21, 1941, in his farewell order to his troops he closed not with official Nazi phrase 'Heil Hitler!' but with 'Everything for Germany!'

Jelenko, May 22, 1943
OSS, May 22, 1943

F

GERMANY

rpt October 4, 1941

BRAUCHITSCH

In 1937 became C-in-C of Army Group Commando 4 (Schnellen Truppen) in Leipzig where he had the special taste of preparing motor and Panzer divisions for the eventuality of war / emphasized necessity of maneuvers and in September 1936 held 3-day maneuvers in East Prussia for all motorized units of Army; also worked for coordination of army and air force / combines old military traditions with new dynamic force of Nazism.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, Berlin, October 4, 1941

(11098)

BR

F

GERMANY

rpt January 1942

BRAUCHITSCH, HEINRICH ALFRED HERMAN WALTHER von

Commander in chief, German Army / born Berlin, October 4, 1851; son of Bernhard (cavalry general) and Charlotte (von Gordon) von B.; prep. education Gymnasium at Berlin; married Elizabeth von Karstedt (divorced); has one daughter and 2 sons / joined German Army as lieutenant, 3d Queen Elizabeth Grenadier Regiment, 1900; transferred later to artillery; became member General Staff, 1912; served as captain during World War I; became major after the war; became commander artillery branch, Defense Ministry, 1922; colonel in charge military training in 1930; major general in command artillery, 1932; given East Prussian command, 1933; command Leipzig Area, 1937; commander in chief German Army since 1938; early saw in Hitler and Nazi movement way to restore Germany to power; became ardent follower of Hitler; is credited with development of German mechanized and armored divisions / member Hitler's Supreme Council for National Defense.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, January 1942

F

GERMANY

rpt January 3, 1942

BRAUCHITSCH

Artillery Inspector in 1931 / succeeded BLOMBERG as commander of East Prussian Military District in Königsberg in 1933; while there, became interested in politics and in 1933-34 became involved with anti-Hitler groups, tried to interest Catholics, Conservatives, and Social Democrats in an anti-Nazi putsch, but this came to nothing / had frequent clashes with the over-president KOCH; in 1935 a crisis developed between the SS and Brauchitsch and it looked for a few days as though he would openly rebel, but Hitler's personal appearance in Königsberg quieted things down / succeeded von FRITSCH as C-in-C of Army in February 1938 during the 'bloodless purge'; from then on was responsible for conduct of war, for pogroms, Gestapo terror, the shooting of hostages etc.; even if he did not directly order these measures himself he cooperated with the regime that sponsored them / would not mix in politics as

(over)

(11098)

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rpt January 3, 1942

GERMANY

BRAUCHITSCH

long as regime gave the army unlimited powers / with the removal of Brauchitsch and the assumption of supreme command of the army by Hitler, the old Guard seems to be dying out, but it will not surrender now any more than it did in 1918, and doubtless Brauchitsch is already preparing for the next developments.

Die Zeitung, London, January 3, 1942